F.No.12011/11/94-BGC(U)
Government of India
Ministry of Welfare

Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi-110001
Dated the 8th April, 1994.

Chief Secretaries of all State Governments
and U.L. Administrations.

Subject : Issuing of Other Backward Class Certificates to
migrants from other States/J.T.

Sir,

In continuation of the DOPT's letter of 36012/22/93-Estt. (SC)-1 dated 15th November, 1993, I am directed to say that it has been represented to this Department that persons belonging to OBCs who have migrated from one State to another for the purpose of employment, education, etc. experience great difficulty in obtaining caste certificates from the State from which they have migrated. In order to remove this difficulty, it has been decided that the prescribed authority of a State/J.T. Administration in terms of the DOPT letter No.36012/22/93-Estt. (SC) dated 15th November, 1993 may issue the OBC Certificate to a person who has migrated from another State on the production of a genuine certificate issued to his father by the prescribed authority of the State of his father's origin, except where the prescribed authority feels that a detailed inquiry is necessary through the State of origin before the issue of the certificate.

2. The certificate will be issued irrespective of whether the OBC candidate in question is included in the list of OBC pertaining to the State/J.T. to which the person has migrated. The facility does not alter the OBC status of the person in relation to the one or the other State/J.T. The OBC person on migration from the State/J.T. of his origin to another State/J.T., where his caste is not in the OBC list is entitled to the concessions/benefits admissible to the OBCs from the State of his origin and Union Government but not from the State where he has migrated.

Contd...2/-
3. It is requested that all competent authorities may be advised to issue the OBC certificate after satisfying themselves of the correctness of the certificate. The Lists of the Competent Authorities empowered as per Ministry's circular of 15th November, 1993 may be followed strictly. No other authorities may be allowed to issue the OBC certificates.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

(1.S. Pandit)
Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Copy to:
1. Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, Dholpur House, New Delhi. (With 15 spare copies)
2. Secretary Staff Selection Commission C.G.O Complex, Lodhi Road, (With 15 spare copies)
3. All Ministries/Departments of Government of India.
5. Comptroller and Auditor General of India, New Delhi.
7. Rajya Sabha Secretariat (Administration Branch).
8. Lok Sabha Secretariat (Administration Branch).
10. Ministry of Home Affairs for taking necessary action so far as Union Territories are concerned.
11. Department of Personnel and Training Estt. (SCT), Branch.
12. All attached and subordinate offices of Ministry of Welfare.

[Signature]

(1.S. Pandit)
Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.
No. 12017/1/2002-BCC
Government of India
Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment

25, Icnev Prakash Building,
9th Floor, Kasturba Gandhi Marg,
New Delhi, Dated: 25th November, 2002

To
Chief Secretaries to all State Governments/UT Admins.

Subject: Issue of OBC certificate to migrants from one State/UT to another State/UT – clarification regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to say that many instances have come to the notice of this Ministry wherein certificates belonging to a particular backward class has not been issued strictly in accordance with the principles governing the issue of such certificates. In order that the certificates are issued to the eligible persons, it is necessary that proper verification based primarily on revenue records and if need be, through reliable inquiries, is made before such certificates are issued.

2. Further, it may be clarified that in the case of migrant OBCs, the crucial date for determining the OBC as migrant or origin should be taken as the date of issue of notification applicable in the case of beneficiary. Similarly, in the case of persons born after the date of issue of the relevant notification, the place of residence for the purpose of acquiring backward class status, is the permanent abode of their parents at the time of the issue of the notification under which they claim to belong to such a caste/community.

3. All the State Governments/UT Administrations are, therefore, requested to streamline their respective procedure for issuing such certificates so as to conform to the above guidelines as well as to those issued from time to time. The certificate issuing authorities may be instructed to do so only after having made proper verification and after having satisfied themselves of the correctness of such certificates.

Yours faithfully,

[PRahlAD KUMAR]
Director(BC)
No.12017/1/2002-BCC

New Delhi, dated the 25th November, 2002.

1. All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.
2. Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, Dhaulpur House, New Delhi,
3. Secretary, Staff Selection Commission, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi,
4. Member Secretary, National Commission for Backward Classes, Trikoot-I, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi,
7. Election Commission of India, New Delhi.
8. Department of Public Enterprises, CGO Complex, New Delhi.
11. Ministry of Home Affairs for taking necessary action so far as Union Territories are concerned.
12. Department of Personnel & Training, Establishment (Res.) Branch, North Block, New Delhi.